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On Course

for younger learners

MICHIGAN ECCE

WORKBOOK

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CONTENTS

UNIT **1** pp.4-12

UNIT **2** pp.13-21

UNIT **3** pp.22-30

UNIT **4** pp.31-39

UNIT **5** pp.40-48

UNIT **6** pp.49-57

UNIT **7** pp.58-66

UNIT **8** pp.67-75

GLOSSARY pp.77-83

WRITING TASK SHEETS pp.85-101

VOCABULARY

1 Fill in the correct verb in the appropriate form to complete the dialog.

star • become • recreate • take • remake • imagine

SAM: Apparently, they're [1] a new Tarzan movie.

JODY: Really? Isn't that the story of a man in the jungle who [2] attracted to a beautiful young woman?

SAM: That's right. It should be good – with all the special effects they use today, they will be able to [3] the atmosphere of the jungle really well.

JODY: That's true. Who's [4] in it?

SAM: Bud Davey has [5] on the role.

JODY: What a pity! Well, I definitely won't watch it then because I can't stand him. I just can't [6] him in the role of Tarzan.

SAM: Well, you're on your own then because most people love him.



2 Fill in **on** or **in**.

- 1 Isn't it amazing how actors are made to look so perfect **screen**!
- 2 Filming **location** in the jungle can be a challenging experience.
- 3 **the past**, people used to watch black and white movies that had no sound.
- 4 With so many DVDs **offer**, we couldn't decide which one to buy.

3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you only know someone **by sight**, you ...
 - a know them well.
 - b don't know them very well.
- 2 If something is described as **fiction**, it is based on ...
 - a imaginary events.
 - b true events.
- 3 If you have the **privilege** of doing something, you ...
 - a are responsible for something.
 - b have the opportunity to do something good.
- 4 If something is **huge**, it is ...
 - a really small
 - b really big
- 5 If something is **appealing**, it is ...
 - a likeable
 - b disappointing

4 Fill in the noun form of the following words.

- 1 **IMPRESS**
His acting didn't make much of an on me.
- 2 **ACT**
I thought that the young played her part extremely well.
- 3 **ATTRACT**
A movie about a giant gorilla holds no for me whatsoever!
- 4 **DISAPPOINT**
Despite the amount of money spent on making the movie, it still turned out to be a huge
- 5 **REAL**
This particular children's book takes its young readers on a journey through both and fiction.

GRAMMAR

[See the Grammar Reference section at the back of the Coursebook.]

1 Fill in the *simple present, present progressive or present perfect (simple / progressive)*.

- 1 Beckham (**kick**) the ball into the back of the net and the crowd cheers.
- 2 This is the second time I (**buy**) this product.
- 3 We (**have**) this car for a long time.
- 4 My little brother always (**lose**) his toys.
- 5 I need a rest because I (**dig**) in the garden for three hours now.



2 Fill in the *simple past, past progressive or past perfect (simple / progressive)*.

- 1 It was the first time I (**drive**) a sports car.
- 2 I (**wait**) at the bus stop for an hour when the bus came.
- 3 The children (**make**) a lot of noise while I (**do**) my work, so it was impossible to concentrate.
- 4 John (**see**) the movie before, so he knew what would happen.
- 5 He always (**get**) into trouble at school.
- 6 The children (**play**) in the garden whenever the weather was nice.

3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 How often you your grandparents?
a do ... visit
b are ... visiting
- 2 It since last night.
a has been snowing
b has snowed
- 3 She was tired because she for a long time.
a has been swimming
b had been swimming
- 4 Jane couldn't answer the phone when it rang as she a shower at the time.
a was having
b had been having
- 5 Why the dentist later? Is your tooth hurting you again?
a you see
b are you seeing
- 6 Hurry up or we'll miss the train. Oh no! There !
a it is going
b it goes
- 7 Your eyes were very red yesterday. you ?
a Have ... been crying
b Had ... been crying
- 8 Why you that milk? Has it gone bad?
a are ... smelling
b do ... smell
- 9 My sister my things!
a borrowed forever
b was forever borrowing
- 10 Sam , brushed his teeth and ate his breakfast.
a had woken up
b woke up



VOCABULARY

1 a Match the columns to form collocations.

- 1 sharp
- 2 eating
- 3 private
- 4 personal

- a eye
- b mind
- c disorder
- d touch

b Now fill in the correct collocation from a.

- 1 A(n) is an illness which affects many teenage girls.
- 2 If someone gives a story a(n), they include some of their own experiences.
- 3 If you have a, you are quick to understand or notice things.
- 4 is another name for a detective.

2 Fill in **up**, **in** or **on** to complete the phrasal verbs.

PETER: You look exhausted, Liz. Is it really necessary for you to **take [1]** so much work? You'll **end [2]** in the hospital if you're not careful.

LIZ: I know, Pete. I can't wait for my son to **grow [3]** so that he can help me run the business.

PETER: That's a long way off, Liz. Your son's only fourteen. I suggest you **call [4]** some professional help for a while.

LIZ: I might just do that.

3 Tick (✓) the true sentences.

- 1 If you **design** something, you say what it means.
- 2 Your **forefathers** are the people who are born after you.
- 3 If you **recollect** something, you are able to remember it.
- 4 If you **confide in** someone, you tell them your problems.

4 Fill in the correct form of the word given.

1 **INTRODUCE**

- a You'll find the information on the page of the book.
- b The made the book sound very exciting.

2 **RECOGNIZE**

- a The director received little for his work.
- b Even with a hat and dark glasses, you're still because of your red hair.

3 **SUSPECT**

- a Why do you have such a mind?
- b This young man is under for the murder of Katie Roberts.

4 **EXHAUST**

- a Walking up that rocky path was
- b The doctor said Mrs. Williams was suffering from and should get plenty of rest.

5 Fill in the correct adjective.

cultural • trusted • efficient • mysterious • unique

- 1 Sally is an extremely worker and always manages to finish her work on time.
- 2 How about going to the festival to try some European cuisine this weekend?
- 3 My most friend is Bob Green. I tell him all my secrets.
- 4 That really is a(n) piece of work. I've never seen anything like that before!
- 5 I think it is quite how your diary should go missing like that.

1 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 There the bus! Now what do we do?
 - a is going
 - b will go
 - c goes
 - d has gone
- 2 Jack often me when I was in the hospital.
 - a visited
 - b was visiting
 - c had been visiting
 - d visits
- 3 "Mom, I'm going out."
"Absolutely not! here and finish your homework."
 - a You staying
 - b You do stay
 - c Stay you
 - d You stay
- 4 James all weekend, so he won't be able to go out with us.
 - a studies
 - b will be studying
 - c will have studied
 - d studying
- 5 Why are you so tired? up late again?
 - a Are you staying
 - b Have you stayed
 - c Have you been staying
 - d Do you stay
- 6 William can go with you in case you help.
 - a need
 - b will need
 - c will be needing
 - d are needing
- 7 Daniel home by five o'clock, so we'll call him then.
 - a has arrived
 - b is arriving
 - c will have been arriving
 - d will have arrived
- 8 "I'm telling you the truth." "I you."
 - a am not believing
 - b don't believe
 - c not believe
 - d hadn't believed

2 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 The Parsons buy the house next to ours, but they changed their minds.
 - a were to
 - b are to
- 2 They're going to arrest him the minute he through the door.
 - a will walk
 - b walks
- 3 I saw a bank robbery while I to work this morning.
 - a walked
 - b was walking
- 4 What about buying Mom for Christmas?
 - a do you think
 - b are you thinking
- 5 Shakespeare this play.
 - a wrote
 - b has written
- 6 My aunt with us until she gets better.
 - a stays
 - b will be staying
- 7 By seven o'clock, the meat for three hours.
 - a had been roasting
 - b had roasted
- 8 Everybody down, please!
 - a sits
 - b sit
- 9 I have always Woody Allen films.
 - a liked
 - b been liking
- 10 We've to the theater twice this month.
 - a gone
 - b been



VOCABULARY

1 The following words are both verbs and nouns. Fill in the correct word to complete each pair of sentences.

sketch • support • sponsor

- 1 a I'm pleased to say that there was strong public for the project.
- b We are hoping to set up an organization which will young artists.
- 2 a The tournament planners are hoping to attract more
- b Will you me for a charity event that I'll be taking part in?
- 3 a The artist the children as they played.
- b She made a of her new house so that I could see what it was like.



2 Match the words with their meanings.

- | | | |
|---|---------------|-------|
| 1 | still life | |
| 2 | admission fee | |
| 3 | landscape | |
| 4 | schedule | |
| 5 | entrant | |

- a program of events
- b amount of money you pay to go into a building
- c painting of an arrangement of objects
- d sb taking part in an event
- e painting of a view of the countryside

3 Fill in the correct adjective.

realistic • contemporary • annual • visual • breathtaking

- 1 If something happens every year, it is a(n) event.
- 2 A beautiful view can be described as
- 3 If something is, it is true to life.
- 4 Another word for modern is
- 5 If we talk about the effect something has, it means the way people see it.



4 Fill in the preposition / particle that correctly completes the two sentences.

with • of • on • in

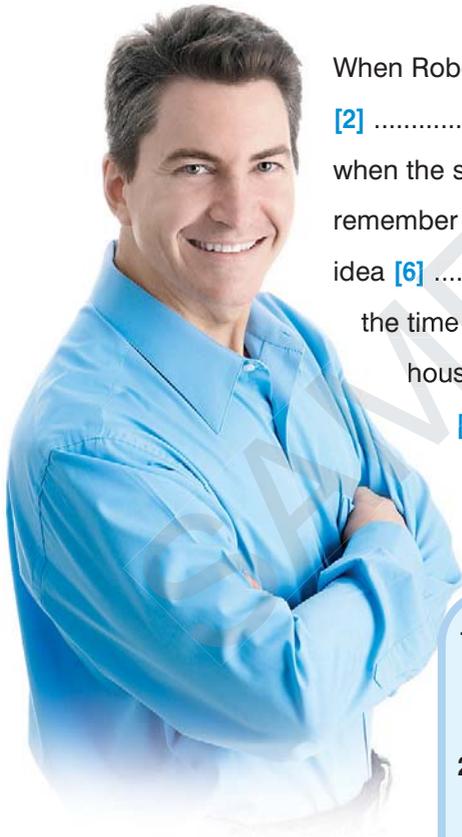
- 1 a Our drama teacher has decided to **put** a Christmas play this year.
- b I found your **advice** music really useful.
- 2 a Copies of the leaflet are available **free** **charge**.
- b Many young bands these days are **taken advantage** by their managers.
- 3 a She was thrilled to be given the opportunity to meet her favorite singer **person**.
- b What kind of entertainment is there **the evenings**?
- 4 a The festival **ended** an impressive firework display.
- b **Along** free food, there is also live entertainment.

GRAMMAR [See the Grammar Reference section at the back of the Coursebook.]

1 Complete each sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>1 Is Martha meeting us at the restaurant?
Is Martha going us at the restaurant?</p> <p>2 Emily will sweep the floor and Jason will wash the dishes.
Emily will be sweeping the floor while the dishes.</p> <p>3 It's been months since they last cleaned the carpets.
They the carpets for months.</p> | <p>4 Next September, it will be eight years since we got married.
By next September, we will eight years.</p> <p>5 I will finish my coffee first and then I will have a shower.
I will have a shower as soon as my coffee.</p> <p>6 Yesterday, I ate sushi for the very first time.
I had never yesterday.</p> |
|---|--|

2 Choose the correct answer.



When Robert Hughes [1] his first song, he had no idea what a hit it [2] After all, he [3] above a garage for the past year. In fact, when the song came out, he [4] as a pizza delivery person. His friends remember that he [5] writing notes on pieces of paper. Whenever an idea [6] to him, he would write it down. It proved to be worthwhile; by the time Robert was thirty, he [7] enough money to buy his own house. You may not recognize the name, but R. Hughes [8] successful songs for pop groups for over fifteen years and is still preferred by many musicians.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1 a had written
b wrote
c has written</p> <p>2 a had been
b will be
c was going to be</p> <p>3 a had been living
b is living
c lived</p> <p>4 a had worked
b worked
c was working</p> | <p>5 a was always
b always was
c is always</p> <p>6 a had been coming
b came
c had come</p> <p>7 a had been making
b had made
c has made</p> <p>8 a had been writing
b wrote
c has been writing</p> |
|--|---|

VOCABULARY

1 Fill in the correct verb.

put • persuade • face • channel • provide • reach

- 1 What was the money toward?
- 2 The new arts center will young people with the opportunity to express themselves.
- 3 How long did it take them to a decision?
- 4 It won't be easy to them to change their minds.
- 5 Belonging to a local environmental group means that I am able to my energy into something positive.
- 6 Your ideas sound good but there are still a lot of difficulties to if we want to finish the work on time.



2 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you **donate** something to somebody, you
 - a sell it to them.
 - b give it to them for free.
- 2 If you **have a true picture** of something, you
 - a have little understanding of it.
 - b understand it really well.
- 3 A **bookworm** is somebody who
 - a reads a lot of books.
 - b rarely reads books.
- 4 If you **hang out** in a particular place, you
 - a spend a lot of time there.
 - b try to avoid it.

WRITING SKILLS

1 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 **As / Like** a member of the local community, I would like to voice my opinion **on / about** the matter.
- 2 Why don't we purchase some musical instruments as opposed **to / for** new computers?
- 3 I hope that someone from the organization **to read / reads** my letter.
- 4 We were **pleased / pleasing** to learn that our proposal was being considered.
- 5 This would be **very / much** more useful.
- 6 The council needs to reconsider its decision **so that / in order to** it avoids making a mistake.

2 Fill in the correct adverb.

generously • strongly • firmly • carefully • clearly

- 1 Since several members **disagreed with** our views, no final decision was made.
- 2 After **looking through** the list of names, she realized that she knew some of them.
- 3 It was **stated** in the letter that the new facilities will be available only to club members.
- 4 I **believe** that we should set up a new cultural center.
- 5 The local community was surprised to learn that the money had been **donated** by old Mrs. Markham.





Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you don't want to come, so.
 - a tell to me
 - b say to me
 - c tell
 - d say
- 2 We can meet you at three as we time to do all our shopping by then.
 - a had
 - b will be having
 - c will have had
 - d have had
- 3 I find small cars economical. They're easy too.
 - a to be parked
 - b to park
 - c parking
 - d park
- 4 He the country before, so this is a new experience for him.
 - a never leaves
 - b is never leaving
 - c left
 - d has never left
- 5 you have a valid driver's license, you can rent a car.
 - a However
 - b Although
 - c Provided
 - d Suppose
- 6 John and I aren't close friends because we each other very long.
 - a haven't known
 - b haven't been knowing
 - c aren't knowing
 - d didn't know
- 7 It may take her a little longer, but at least you know that she will do the best job
 - a possible
 - b possibly
 - c likely
 - d probably
- 8 I wrote everything down as I didn't want a misunderstanding.
 - a to be
 - b there to be
 - c there is
 - d there be
- 9 They divided the reward the three of them.
 - a around
 - b by
 - c in between
 - d between
- 10 With this terrible weather, it's unlikely that we at work on time.
 - a are arriving
 - b to arrive
 - c arrive
 - d will arrive
- 11 The train will be in ten minutes, so we must hurry.
 - a departed
 - b departing
 - c depart
 - d departure
- 12 "Do you think he'll win the gold medal?"
"Yes, everyone"
 - a expects him
 - b expects him to
 - c expects
 - d expects he to
- 13 the work has been completed, you can all leave early today.
 - a As long as
 - b As soon
 - c In order that
 - d As far as
- 14 , we decided to go on a picnic.
 - a The weather was being nice
 - b Being nice the weather
 - c Because the nice weather
 - d The weather being nice
- 15 He studied all weekend. , he failed the exam.
 - a For
 - b Already
 - c Still
 - d As
- 16 My uncle is a carpenter trade.
 - a by
 - b in
 - c at
 - d for



- 17 It like rain, so I'm not going to hang the clothes out to dry.
 a shows
 b seems
 c appears
 d looks
- 18 My brother driving lessons when he was seventeen.
 a took
 b taken
 c was taking
 d was used to taking
- 19 There are many advantages living in the country.
 a about
 b to
 c for
 d in
- 20 "Was she upset about us making the decision without her?"
 "..... from being upset, she was quite pleased."
 a Far
 b Sooner
 c Rather
 d Better
- 21 Helen and Bill have left the children us for the weekend so that they can have some time to themselves.
 a for
 b at
 c with
 d to
- 22 Once she to do something, you can't get her to change her mind.
 a will decide
 b decides
 c may decide
 d decided
- 23 The President a speech tomorrow night.
 a is to give
 b is about to give
 c will have been giving
 d gave
- 24 Mr. Withers takes great pride his roses.
 a at
 b of
 c on
 d in
- 25 "Do you think she'll lend us the money?"
 "Why her?"
 a don't you ask
 b aren't you asking
 c won't you ask
 d haven't you been asking
- 26 He sings well, but nothing his father.
 a alike
 b like
 c so
 d as
- 27 I wish I to Paris with you tomorrow, but unfortunately I have to work.
 a had gone
 b was going
 c went
 d would be going
- 28 "You were supposed to be here hours ago. What happened?"
 "If it for the traffic, we would have been on time."
 a wouldn't have been
 b isn't
 c not be
 d hadn't been
- 29 I couldn't find any fresh vegetables, so I bought some ones.
 a froze
 b freezes
 c frozen
 d freezing
- 30 We arrived just to catch the beginning of the movie.
 a in time
 b on time
 c at the time
 d about time

ON COURSE FOR YOUNGER LEARNERS MICHIGAN ECCE is an enjoyable and motivating way for younger students to prepare thoroughly for the ECCE. Designed to be used as either a one-year course or an intensive one-term course, the book provides a wide range of exercises through which younger students will develop the skills needed to succeed in the examination.

Key Features are:

READING:

Interesting reading texts are included in every unit. Written in the style of the ECCE, they also cover a wide range of topics typical of those found in the examination. The length of the texts and the vocabulary are appropriate for younger learners.

VOCABULARY:

Each lesson has various exercises covering thematically related vocabulary, confusable words, collocations, synonyms, phrasal verbs, prepositions, and so on, all appropriate for younger learners.

GRAMMAR:

Grammar practice, in the style of the ECCE, appears in every unit. Organized systematically, the exercises will help younger students become familiar with the structures and usage most commonly tested in the examination.

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Components: • Student's Coursebook • Teacher's Coursebook • Student's Workbook
• Teacher's Workbook • Companion • Test Booklet • CDs

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